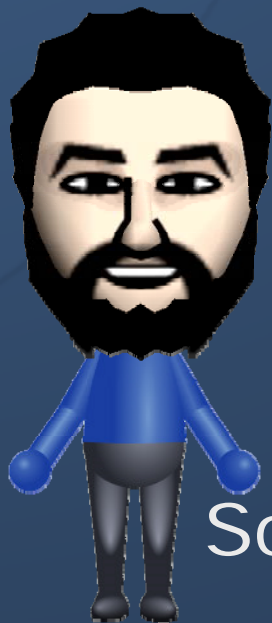


WiiProfiler v3.0



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Principal Software Engineer

Software Development Support Group

Agenda

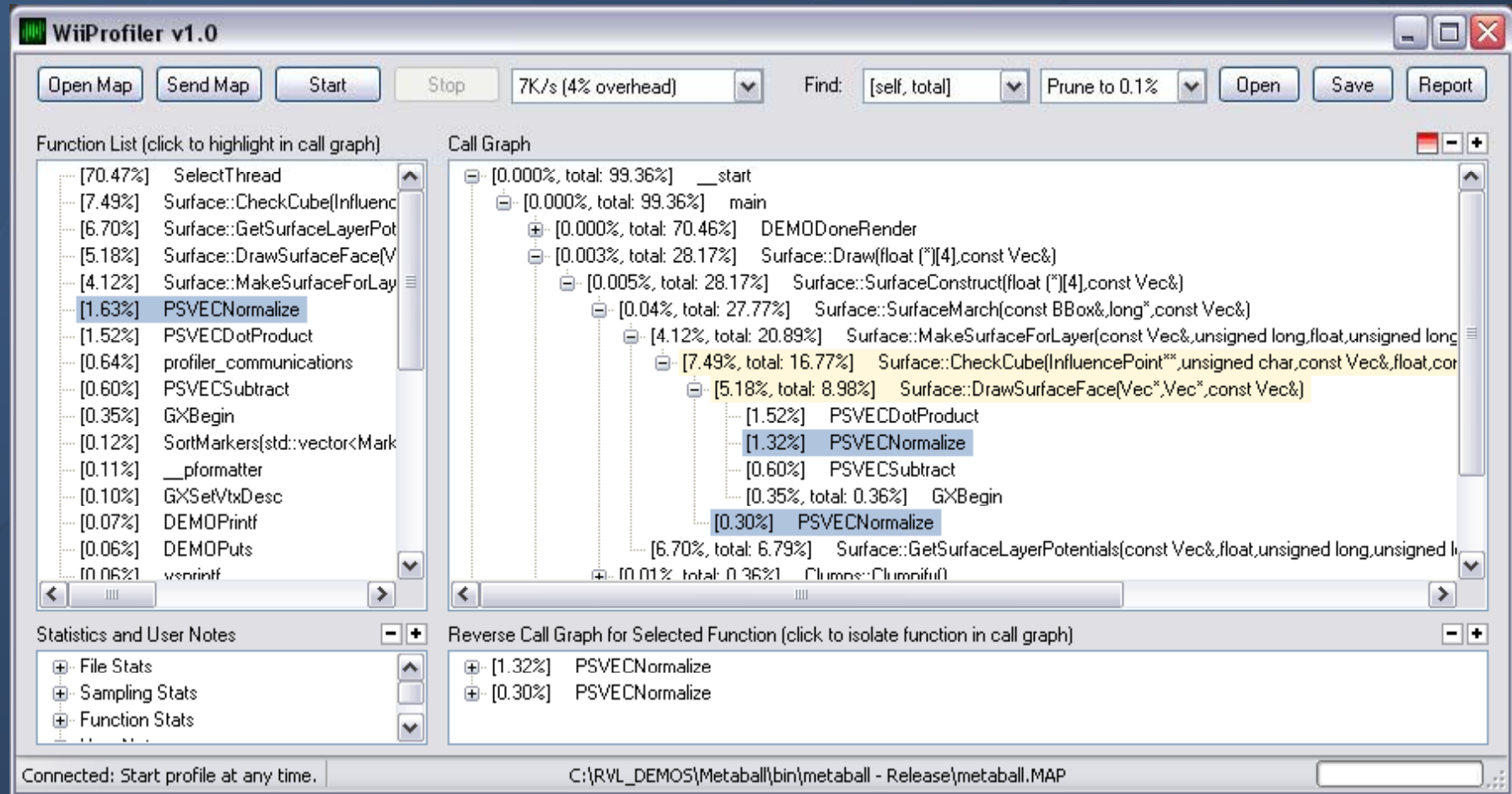
- ◆ WiiProfiler introduction
 - What it provides
- ◆ WiiProfiler Methodology
 - Game integration
 - V2.0 features
- ◆ WiiProfiler v3.0 features
 - Sampling based on performance counters
 - Instrumenting using performance counters
 - Tracking user data
 - Code coverage



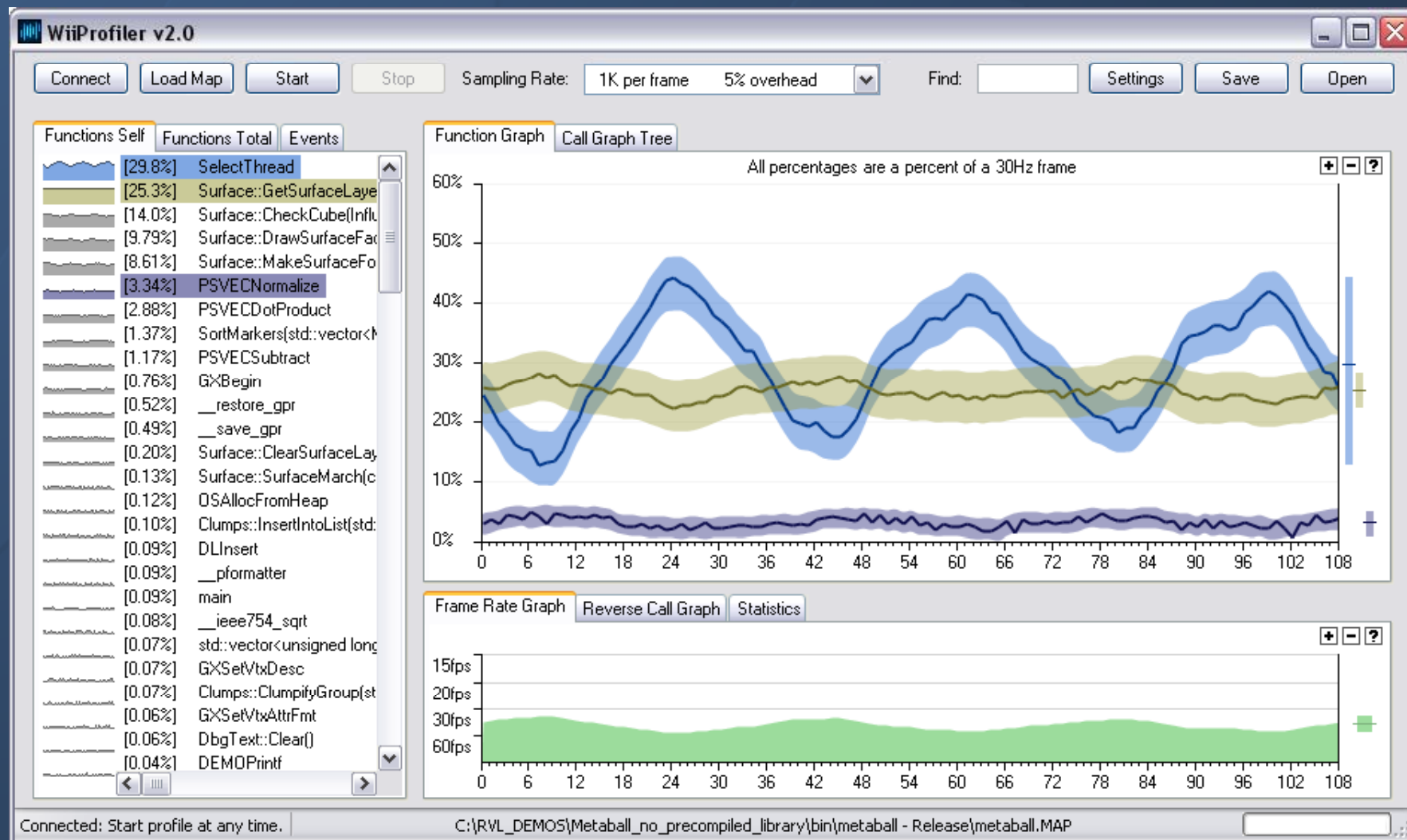
Introduction

- ◆ Measures CPU function performance
 - How much time spent in each function
 - Cycles, instructions, branches, cache misses
 - Function call tree
 - Function code coverage
 - Frame rate performance
- ◆ Free tool created exclusively for Wii
 - Version 1.0 (May 2007)
 - Version 2.0 (April 2008)
 - Version 3.0 (Open BETA now, Final Summer 2009)
- ◆ Requirements
 - NDEV and minor programmer integration

WiiProfiler v1.0



WiiProfiler v2.0



WiiProfiler v3.0



WiiProfiler Design Methodology

- ◆ Extremely fast and easy to integrate
 - Only a couple required function calls to library functions (10 minute integration)
- ◆ Extremely fast and easy to operate
 - Minimalist interface that just works
 - Deep functionality with little cognitive overhead
- ◆ Effortless visual exploration of data
 - Use graphs to maximize comprehension
 - Frame-based graphs show problem frames
 - Easy to compare and interpret

Methodology:

Fast and easy to integrate

Code Integration: Step 1

- ◆ Link against "wiiprofiler.a"

Code Integration: Step 2

Include the header file:

```
#include <revolution/wii profiler.h>
```

Code Integration: Step 3

```
WII PROFILER_Init(void * bufferMEM2, u32 sizeInBytes,  
                  BOOL doesGameWaitForRetrace);
```

- ◆ Call init function with a MEM2 buffer
 - At least 8MB, as large as 100MB
 - Larger buffer = longer profiling
- ◆ Answer the question:
 - Does your main loop wait for the vertical retrace?

Code Integration: Step 4

```
while(true)
{ //Top of main loop
```

Add This

```
    WiiProfiler_MarkFrameBegin();
```

```
    //Game code, etc.
```

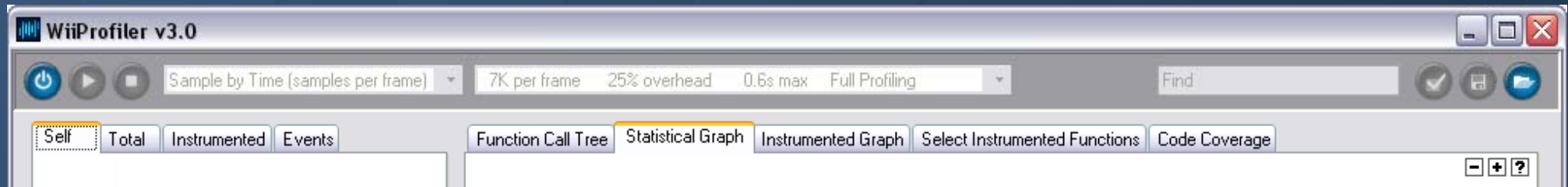
```
}
```

Methodology: Fast and easy to operate

Only Two Choices

◆ Connect to NDEV

◆ Open a profile



Demo:

Fast and Easy to Operate

- ◆ Statistical sampling
 - Various rates available, Simple vs Full
 - Accuracy vs Overhead/Size tradeoff

- ◆ Start and Stop



- ◆ Open and Save



- ◆ Settings and right click menus

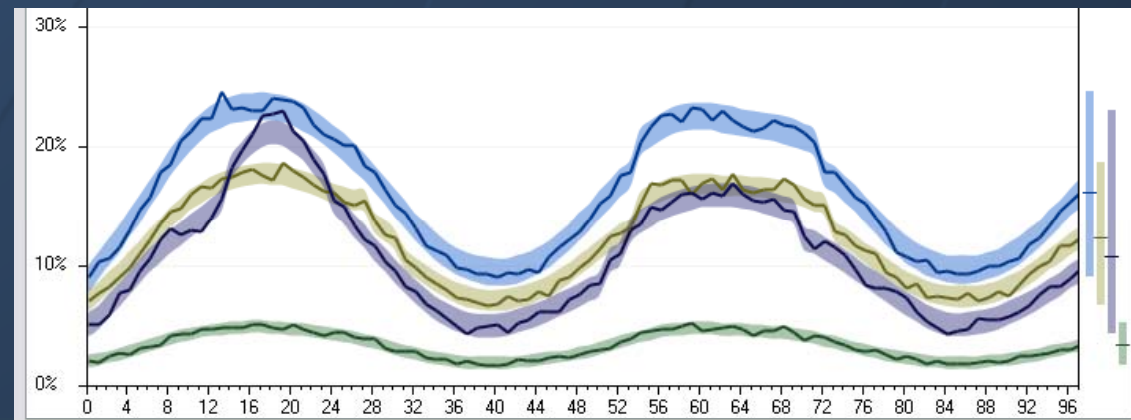
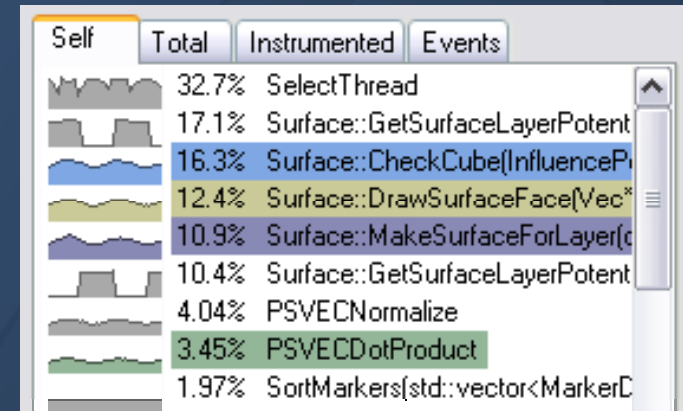


Methodology: Effortless Visualization

Demo:

Effortless Visualization

- ◆ Functions
 - Sparklines
 - Self vs Total
 - Hide insignificant
- ◆ Call tree exploration
 - Reverse call tree
- ◆ Statistical graph
 - Click functions
 - Zoom, scroll, choose frame
 - Highlight Band
 - Range and average



Demo:

Effortless Visualization

- ◆ Frame rate graph
 - Examine frame rate spikes
 - Events
- ◆ Resort functions (new in v3.0)
 - Sort based on selected frame
 - Sort based on average (default)
 - Sort alphabetically
 - Continuously resort

Performance Counter Factoid Theater

- ◆ 4 CPU performance counters in Broadway CPU
 - Reset, start, stop, and read in code
- ◆ Reset counters
 - `PPCMtpmc1(0); PPCMtpmc2(0); PPCMtpmc3(0); PPCMtpmc4(0);`
- ◆ Start counters
 - `PPCMtmocr0(<counter1> | <counter2>);`
 - `PPCMtmocr1(<counter3> | <counter4>);`
- ◆ Stop counters
 - `PPCMtmocr0(0);`
 - `PPCMtmocr1(0);`
- ◆ Read counters
 - `PPCMfpmc1(); PPCMfpmc2(); PPCMfpmc3(); PPCMfpmc4();`

Performance Counter Factoid Theater

- ◆ Performance counter event examples (~60 total)
 - PMC1_CYCLE # processor cycles
 - PMC1_L2_HIT # of accesses that hit L2
 - PMC1_L1_MISS # of accesses that miss L1
 - PMC1_Bx_UNRESOLVED # of branches unresolved
 - PMC1_Bx_STALL_CYCLE # of cycles stalled due to branches
 - PMC2_CYCLE # processor cycles
 - PMC2_INSTRUCTION # of instructions completed
 - PMC2_IC_MISS # of L1 instruction cache misses
 - PMC2_L1_CASTOUT # of L1 castouts to L2
 - PMC2_Bx_FALL_THROUGH # of fall through branches
- ◆ Select one PMC1, PMC2, PMC3, PMC4 at a time
- ◆ Bracket code (Reset, Start, Stop) and measure results

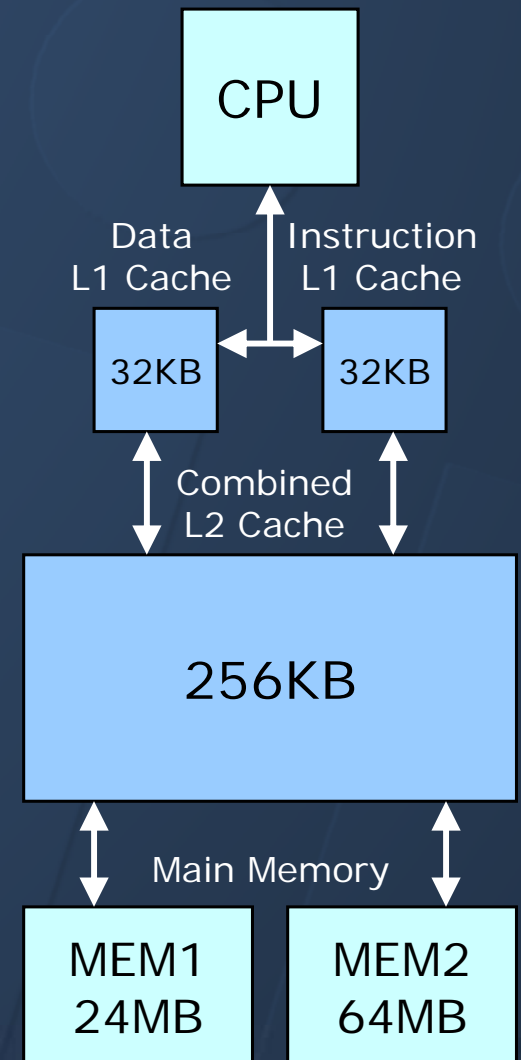
Performance Counters in WiiProfiler v3.0



- ◆ Use performance counters to
 - Statistically sample functions
 - Instrument individual functions

Performance Counter Statistical Sampling

- ◆ Sample by
 - Mispredicted branches
 - Undecided branches
 - Floating point instructions
 - L1 or L2 instruction misses
 - L1 or L2 data misses
 - L1 writes to L2
 - L2 writes to memory



Performance Counter Statistical Sampling

- ◆ Choose a sampling rate
 - Between every 10 and every 100K
- ◆ Too often (every 10 to 100)
 - Large overhead
 - Can be less accurate (cache pollution)
 - Fills up buffer fast
- ◆ Often (every 100 to 1K)
 - Medium overhead
 - Good accuracy
- ◆ Less often (every 1K to 100K)
 - Least overhead
 - Most accurate overall (less accurate per frame)

Instrumenting Functions

- ◆ Choose a class of performance counters
 - Cycles only
 - Cycles and instructions
 - Branch prediction performance
 - Why branch prediction failed
 - Cache and memory performance
 - L1 cache performance
 - L2 cache performance
 - Outbound cache writes
- ◆ Explanation of selected in big gray box
- ◆ Decide:
 - Whether or not to also statistically sample by time

Instrumenting Functions: Branch Prediction Performance

- ◆ Performance counters selected
 - PMC1_Bx_UNRESOLVED
 - PMC2_Bx_FALL_THROUGH
 - PMC3_Bx_TAKEN
 - PMC4_Bx_MISSED
- ◆ Data teased out from these 4 counters
 - % of correctly predicted branches
 - % of incorrectly predicted branches
 - Correctly predicted branches
 - Incorrectly predicted branches
 - Skipped branches based on prediction
 - Taken branches based on prediction
 - Branches predicted by hardware
 - Branches unconditionally taken
 - All branches

Instrumenting Functions: L1 Cache Performance

- ◆ Performance counters selected
 - PMC1_L1_MISS
 - PMC2_IC_MISS
 - PMC3_DC_MISS
 - PMC4_CYCLE
- ◆ Data teased out from these 4 counters
 - Cycles
 - Cycles waiting for memory
 - Instruction not found in L1
 - Data not found in L1
 - Memory not found in L1
 - Average cycles waiting for memory
 - % of time waiting for memory

Instrumenting Functions: Selecting Functions

- ◆ Up to 10 functions profiled at a time
- ◆ 3 ways to select a function
 - Choose a Self or Total function
 - Drop down list of all game functions
 - Choose a function from Code Coverage
- ◆ Data captured is similar to "Total"
 - Function call and child calls

Instrumenting Functions: Profile and Explore

- ◆ # function calls tracked
- ◆ # recursive calls tracked
- ◆ Performance counters
 - Total count for performance counter
 - Range per frame (max, ave, min)
 - Raw call data (might graph slowly)
- ◆ Helpers
 - Expand top level
 - Auto-select similar

Tracking User Data

- ◆ Track any data you want in code
 - Track floating point values
- ◆ `WIIPROFILER_TrackValue(name, value);`
 - Will track multiple values per frame
- ◆ `WIIPROFILER_TrackAccumulatedValue(name, value);`
 - Will track one accumulated value per frame
- ◆ WiiProfiler on PC
 - Appears in Instrumented tab
 - Graphs in Instrumented Graph tab

Code Coverage

- ◆ During a profile (or over multiple)
 - Which functions get called
 - Which functions don't get called
- ◆ Filter
 - Exclude SDK and platform libraries
 - Exclude functions with certain prefixes
 - Include functions with certain prefixes
- ◆ Reset button
- ◆ Instrument button

WiiProfiler v3.0 Release

- ◆ Open BETA for next 1-2 months
 - Sign up and we'll send it to you:
<https://www.warioworld.com/wii/wiiprofiler>
- ◆ Final release v3.0 early Summer
 - More robust communications layer
 - Instrumenting functions
 - ◆ Allow RSO and REL functions
 - ◆ Remove interrupts from data

WiiProfiler Summary

- ◆ Statistical sampling profiler
 - Time and performance counters
- ◆ Instrument functions
 - Using performance counters
- ◆ Track and graph arbitrary data
- ◆ Function-based code coverage

Questions?



Ask me after the presentation
Or e-mail support@noa.com